Mid-Chapter Review

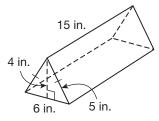
1. The world's largest raisin box was built by students in California. The box is a rectangular prism 12 ft high, 8 ft wide, and 4 ft deep. What is its surface area?

e.g.,
$$SA = 2(12 \text{ ft} \times 4 \text{ ft}) + 2(8 \text{ ft} \times 4 \text{ ft}) + 2(12 \text{ ft} \times 8 \text{ ft})$$

= $2(48 \text{ sq ft}) + 2(32 \text{ sq ft}) + 2(96 \text{ sq ft})$, or 352 sq ft

The surface area of the giant raisin box is 352 sq ft.

2. These two steel rods are to be case-hardened. The process will cost more for the rod with greater surface area. Which rod will cost more to case-harden?



e.g.,
$$SA = 2$$
(base area) + (lateral area)
$$= 2 \times \left[\frac{1}{2}(6 \text{ in.})(4 \text{ in.})\right] + (6 \text{ in.} + 5 \text{ in.} + 5 \text{ in.})(15 \text{ in.})$$
$$= 264 \text{ sq in.}$$

e.g.,
$$SA = 2$$
(base area) + (lateral area)
= $2\pi(2.5 \text{ in.})^2 + 2\pi(2.5 \text{ in.})(15.0 \text{ in.})$
= $274.889...$ sq in.

The cylinder has more surface area. So it will cost more.

3. Tim works at a chocolate store. The store sells candy in two types of gift boxes. One is a square-based pyramid. The other is a cone. The one that uses less cardboard costs less to make. Both boxes have a slant height of 13.5 cm. Which box costs less to make?



e.g.,
$$SA = (12 \text{ cm})(12 \text{ cm})$$

+ $4 \times \left[\frac{1}{2}(12 \text{ cm})(13.5 \text{ cm})\right]$

 $= 468 \text{ cm}^2$



$$r = 6 \text{ cm}$$

$$SA = \pi(6 \text{ cm})^2 + \pi(6 \text{ cm})(13.5 \text{ cm})$$

$$= 367.566... \text{ cm}^2$$

The cone box has less surface area. So it costs less to make.