

# Mid-Chapter Review

1. a) For safety, a moving van's ramp should have a maximum slope of  $\frac{3}{10}$ . Explain what this means.

e.g., The ramp must rise at most 3 units for every 10 units of run.

- b) Is a ramp with a rise of 2.5 ft and a run of 9 ft safe?

e.g., Slope:  $\frac{2.5 \text{ ft}}{9 \text{ ft}} = 0.277\dots$       Maximum slope:  $\frac{3}{10} = 0.3$

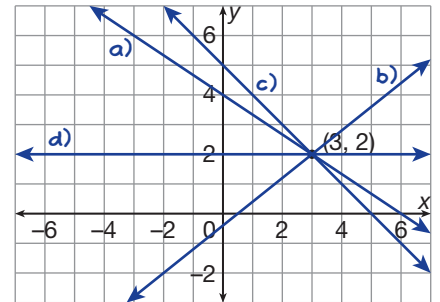
$0.277\dots < 0.3$  So the ramp is safe.

- c) What is the grade of the ramp in Part b)?

The grade is  $0.277\dots \times 100\%$ , or about 28%.

2. Draw a line through the point (3, 2) with each slope.

a)  $-\frac{2}{3}$       b) 0.8      c) -1      d) 0



3. A sign is needed for any road with a grade greater than 6%. A scale drawing of the cross-section of a road has points with coordinates (45, 143) and (145, 150). Is a sign needed?

Grade:  $\frac{150 - 143}{145 - 45} \times 100\% = 7\%$  A sign is needed.

4. Mikka is a conservationist. She looked up to the top of a sitka spruce tree. She measured the angle of elevation as  $50^\circ$ .

- a) What is the slope of the line Mikka is looking along?

The slope is  $\tan 50^\circ = 1.1917\dots$

- b) Mikka's eyes are 1.52 m above the ground. She is standing 100 m from the tree. What is the height of the sitka, to the nearest metre?

$$1.1917\dots = \frac{x}{100 \text{ m}}$$

$$119.175\dots \text{ m} = x$$

$$\text{Height: } 119.175\dots \text{ m} + 1.52 \text{ m} = 120.695\dots \text{ m}$$

The sitka is 121 m tall, to the nearest metre.